

The Oxford County Citizen.

A. E. Herrick 0-10-15

VOLUME XXII—NUMBER 15.

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1916.

\$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

BETHEL INN

Happenings of the Week

Another party of ladies, traveling through the mountains, consisted of Miss Simons, Miss Ahearn and Miss Burham, all of New York.

Miss L. J. Prentiss and Miss M. L. Smith of Cleveland, Ohio, who were guests at the Inn last summer, are again occupying their suite at the Elms for the month of August.

Mr. and Mrs. La Ferte Goncer of France, accompanied by Mrs. C. M. Watson, and Mr. R. Eob of Bethel, on their way to Rangeley Lakes stopped for a day at the Inn.

The Inn for the past week has been running to capacity, including both cottages and camps and some rooms outside, and the engagements are already made for into September.

A distinguished party consisting of Mr. K. W. Mansfield of Westport, Connecticut, and Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Newkirk and Miss Alice Smith of Norwalk, Connecticut, were overnight guests at the Inn.

Mr. M. E. Fitzgerald, Superintendent of Schools in Cambridge, Mass., accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Bryan and little daughter of Winchester stopped for a day on their way through the Maine woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. Jackson, accompanied by their mother, Mrs. Caroline S. Jackson, and Mrs. W. A. Shoemaker, all of Philadelphia, spent a pleasant day at the Inn on their way to the White Mountains.

A pleasant party of ladies, stopping over a day at the Inn on their way to the mountains were: Mrs. James Brian of Needham, Mass.; Miss Mabel Hill of New York; Miss Caroline M. Davis of Haverhill, Mass., and Miss Elizabeth of Needham, Mass.

The golf links are getting in fine condition and already five holes are being played over and the balance will be ready within the next two weeks. On Monday and Tuesday the links were kept very busy. Tennis also comes in for its share of visitors.

An enthusiastic number of baseball fans went to Rumford on Tuesday. There were three automobiles from the Inn. The game was excellently well played on both sides and until the last inning no runs were made, when finally the visitors won the match by a close margin.

Miss Shirley Onderdonk is camping at "Rest Haven" on Songo Lake, and she has with her Miss Boynton and chauffeur and several of her famous dogs. They are all enjoying the exhilaration of the swimming and fishing, and pronounce the moonlight on the lake equal to any seen in foreign lands.

Among the other arrivals of the week were: Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Sowell, Concord, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Nichols, Cambridge, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Phillips, Topsfield, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Jenks, Philadelphia; Mr. F. J. Huntington of Norwich, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Norton, Bridgeport, Conn.; Mrs. Batchelder, Bridgeport; and Miss E. Stearns, Bridgeport.

The regular Saturday evening dance was practically the liveliest of any this season and the jollity was enhanced by the presence of the Messrs. Blanchard and their guests, who came over from their "camp" in three automobiles. There were an unusually large number of young men, who were all proficient dancers, as well as the ladies of the party, and they were all friends and acquaintances of the townspeople and guests of the Inn.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Life is a constant struggle against death!

Dirty refrigerators may make sick meat!

The U. S. Public Health Service issues free bulletins on rural sanitation. The defective citizen of today is often the unhealthy child of yesterday!

Every man is the architect of his own health!

It's the baby that lives that counts! Tuberculosis is contagious, prevent this, curable!

The full dinner pail—the open window—the clean well—make for health!

GRANGE NEWS

BETHEL GRANGE

Bethel Grange held its regular meeting, Aug. 10. The second and third degrees were conferred on two candidates. One application was presented and accepted. Owing to the lateness of the hour the literary program was quite short and was as follows:

Roll Call, Quotations
Reading, Mae B. Bartlett
Resolved—"That women are more inquisitive than men."
Question—"How could our grandparents live to the age, three score and ten, while using the common drinking cup and towel?"
Our next meeting will be Aug. 24.

HEBON GRANGE. A regular meeting of Hebron Grange was held Wednesday evening, Aug. 9. After the business meeting the following program was given:

Music, Choir
Reading, Fred Marshall
Reading, Abbie Marshall
Vocal Solo, Elsie Conant
Reading, Mrs. Rose Stone
Reading, Mabelle Bumpus

NOVAY GRANGE.

August 12 was Matron's Day at Novay Grange. Although the attendance was not large much interest was manifested during the session by those present. The meeting was called to order by Sister A. E. K. Grover, who acted as Master, who appointed the following sisters to the respective chairs: Overseer, Sister W. O. Perry; Lecturer, Sister Isacie Cox; Assistant Steward, Sister Elvessa Packard; Chaplain, Sister Miriam; Treasurer, Sister Annie Frost; Secretary, Sister Algie Crooker; Gate Keeper, Sister Murdoch; Ceres, Sister Fannie Richardson; Pomona, Sister Hattie Blake; Flora, Sister Hattie Buck; Lady Assistant Steward, Sister Lelia Watson. The business of the day was then taken up. One candidate was voted on and elected to membership. The following program was then given:

Paper: Weights and Measures.
Reading, Maud DeCoster
Seven Wonders of the World, Isacie Cox
Kitchen Conveniences, Lucella Morriam
Reading: Play of Humor, Hattie Blake
Reading: Meeting Weather, Kato Pingree
Quotation: Importance of Love, Mary Perry
Reading: Moth-ball Plant, Virgile Murdock
Reading: Curing Primrose, Adelaide Young
Paper: Ragweed and Hay Fever, Maud DeCoster
Essay: Bright Side of Country Life, A. E. K. Grover

Talks on the appearance of Grange Halls in general and those they had personally inspected, Isacie Cox and Lelia Watson.

The Brothers were then called upon for remarks, but they begged to be excused.

Program for August 26:
Song, Sister Virgile Murdock
Paper: Topic, Recreation, Sister Virgile Murdock
Song, Grange Chorus
Recitation, Maud DeCoster
Quotation Contest, Lelia Watson in charge of Sisters; W. O. Perry in charge of Brothers. Winners to be served to a treat by the Worthy Lecturer.

Question: Which is the wiser farmer, one who neglects his work by continually leaving it; or one who never goes away from home to see what others are doing? Opened by Arthur Buck, followed by Brother Towne, Dunn, Gakmon, Brown, Smith and others.

Closing thought, Sister Upton
Suggestions by all.

NEW CENTURY POMONA GRANGE. New Century Pomona Grange held its regular meeting with Long Mt. Grange at Andover, Wednesday. The following program was carried out: Opening in the Fifth Degree at 10 a. m. Routine Business.

Music, Gladys Howard, Susan Martin
Address of Welcome, Cora Akers
Response, R. B. Stratton
Reading, Mrs. Evelyn Stevens
Song, Lester Thurston, Olney Burgess
Paper: Home Economics, Mrs. X. A. Thurston

Question: Resolved that the Audubon Society is not receiving the attention in rural sections that it should. Opened by Mrs. Vena Galloupe and Charles Taylor.

Music, Anna Arris
Remarks, Rev. Mr. Massack

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Events of Interest From Washington.

By J. E. Jones.

THE CAMPAIGN IS ON.

The politicians have rounded up their best schemers and located them in tall buildings in New York, where they are charged with the responsibility of educating the people of the United States to "vote right." The Democrats have an aggressive bunch of enthusiasts as have ever been housed in a single building. Since the speech by Mr. Hughes in Carnegie Hall, the Republicans have picked up hope, and with Colonel Roosevelt carrying a banner in the procession, they expect to arrive safely at Armageddon in November.

DEFINING THE ISSUES.

The real foundation for the campaign is at present being laid in Congress, where notable speeches are being made by Senators and Representatives, in which they are defining the issues upon which the campaign will be fought out. Senator Walsh of Montana, one of the most brilliant men of "new politics," and who will have charge of Democratic headquarters in Chicago, has insisted recently that "no more deadly blow at the Federal Judiciary system has ever been directed against it than the nomination of Justice Hughes by the Republican convention." Senator Townsend, of Michigan, stated the Republican position, in answer to Mr. Walsh, by declaring that President Wilson was the first to drag the Supreme Court into politics, and he added that "it was a compliment to Mr. Hughes by the Republican convention." Senator Townsend, of Michigan, stated the Republican position, in answer to Mr. Walsh, by declaring that President Wilson was the first to drag the Supreme Court into politics, and he added that "it was a compliment to Mr. Hughes by the Republican convention." Senator Townsend, of Michigan, stated the Republican position, in answer to Mr. Walsh, by declaring that President Wilson was the first to drag the Supreme Court into politics, and he added that "it was a compliment to Mr. Hughes by the Republican convention." Senator Townsend, of Michigan, stated the Republican position, in answer to Mr. Walsh, by declaring that President Wilson was the first to drag the Supreme Court into politics, and he added that "it was a compliment to Mr. Hughes by the Republican convention." 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Summer Savings

on goods or clothes that you can use the balance of this summer.

For the next two weeks we will have many small lots to close out, marked way down.

Fine Coats

of blue poplin and heavy serge, stylish models. Prices were \$12.45 to \$17.75, sale \$7.45.

Six Serge Dresses

In dark blue and green. Regular \$4.95 to \$6.95, sale \$2.95.

Dark Silk Dresses

About one-third off.

Four Rain Coats

Rubber lined, tan and blue outside. Regular \$6.50, sale \$3.95.

Pictorial Review Patterns for September, also Fall Fashion Books are here. Call and get free sheet or the big book with free pattern only 25c.

BROWN, BUCK & CO.

Formerly Thomas Smiley,

Norway, Maine.

Hardwood Flooring

T & G & M, Hollow Back, Butted, Bored, and Kiln Dried.

Novelty Siding and Roofing for Camps and Garages.

Windows and Doors and all kinds of Building Material.

**CHAS. G. BLAKE,
NORWAY, MAINE.**

Dr. F. H. Tissell was in Portland, Saturday.

Mr. Scott Wight was calling on friends in town last week.

Mr. Gottard Carlson of Dorchester, Mass., is a guest of Dr. and Mrs. F. H. Tissell.

Miss Dorothy Mason of Portland is a guest of her grandmother, Mrs. O. M. Mason.

Mrs. Wheeler of Shallow, N. H., was a guest of her sister, Mrs. Henry Austin, Friday.

Mrs. Spencer and daughter, Mrs. Laisig, went to Bailey's Island, Monday, to spend a few weeks.

Mr. N. H. Springer and family have returned home after spending several weeks at Poland Camp Ground.

Mr. E. C. Park and family spent a few days last week in Portland.

Rev. T. C. Chapman is spending a few days at Poland Camp Grounds.

Mrs. F. E. Kendall visited friends at Poland Camp Ground a few days last week.

Mrs. Charles Brown of Rumford was a Sunday guest of her cousin, Mrs. Henry Austin.

Mr. Victor Jolbert of Berlin, N. H., was a guest of Mr. Frank Williamson and family last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver C. Gould of Portland are guests of Mrs. Gould's brother, Mr. A. F. Chapman, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva Cummings are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, born Sunday, Aug. 13.

Parker Fountain Pens

The Pen with that Lucky Curve

Many new designs with a pen that will suit the most difficult person.

We are having new goods in our Ladies' Wear Department every week and shall be pleased to show them.

Lyon, the Jeweler

Cole Block

Bethel, Maine

BETHEL and Vicinity

Mrs. Ada Wight of Berlin, N. H., is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Frank Bennett of Paris is a guest of Miss L. M. Stearns.

Mrs. O. M. Mason and daughter, Alice, spent Friday in Norway.

Mrs. Elsa Carter went to Portland, Friday, to spend several days.

Mrs. Charles Heath and Mrs. Clifford Merrill spent Sunday at Old Orchard.

Mr. Chas. L. Davis and Mr. Arthur Herrick were in Rumford one day last week.

Messrs. Chester Cummings, Albert Silver and Gordon Allen were at Old Orchard, Sunday.

Mrs. Henry Stearns and family of Hebron were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Kilborn.

Mrs. Robert Cross and son, James, of Texas, are guests of Mr. Jotham Chapman and family.

Mrs. Albert Heath and daughter, Barbara, were guests of relatives at So. Portland, Sunday.

Master Rupert Starling of Yarmouth is a guest of his aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Purrington.

Mr. William W. Phillips of Orono came Saturday to spend a few days as the guest of Mrs. Abbie Bean.

Mrs. C. L. Davis was a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Robert Wormell, and family, at Portland, Sunday.

Miss Linton, who has been a guest of Mrs. G. L. Thurston, returned to her home in Jersey City, Monday.

Master Eugene Van Den Kerckhoven, who has been spending the summer at Cape Cottage, has returned home.

Judge A. E. Herrick, E. G. Park, Esq., H. H. Hastings, Esq., and E. M. Walker attended Probate Court at Rumford, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Tibbets and two daughters, Iona and Lila, who have been visiting relatives in Harmony, returned home, Monday.

Mrs. D. S. Hastings and sister, Mrs. B. F. Bartlett, were guests of relatives in Hanover last Friday.

Mr. Edmund Merrill, Mr. F. B. Merrill and Miss Harriet Merrill were calling on friends in Bridgton, Sunday.

Mrs. Q. M. Mason and daughter, Alice, were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Richardson at Gorham, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Young were guests of Lawrence and Marjorie Philbrook at the Philbrook farm at Shelburne, N. H., Sunday.

Mrs. Jordan and Miss Elaine Bean, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Stayford, returned to their home in Locke's Mills, Monday.

Miss Adeline DeCoste of Norway and Miss Madeline Edwards of Farmington were guests of their cousin, Mrs. D. T. Durell, a few days last week.

Mrs. Oscar Brann and son, Henry, returned to their home in August, Monday, after spending several weeks with Mrs. Brann's parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Twaddle.

Miss E. K. Chapman, who has been spending her vacation with Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Upton, returned to Minneapolis, Minn., Monday, to assume her duties at the Stanley Hall school.

Stanley Bennett of Livermore, Millard McLean of Norway, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bennett, Miss May Bennett and Leslie Bennett and wife of Paris were Sunday guests of Miss L. M. Stearns.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hall, Mr. F. B. Hall and Mr. L. A. Hall motored to Bingham and No. Anson, Sunday, to visit relatives, returning Monday with Mrs. Hall's mother, who will spend a few days.

Mrs. Elizabeth Drew of Brockton, Mass., and Mrs. Francis D. Winslow, wife of the Ex-Governor Winslow of Winslow, N. C., and son, Stephen, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Hastings the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Edwards and daughter, Dorothy, are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Bert Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. McAlister and Miss Hazel McAlister, Mrs. Nellie Phipps and Miss Bertha Cole at a house party at Camp Echo, Locke's Mills, for a couple of weeks.

BLUE STORES

Could You Use Another Suit at a Price?

We believe you can and will, after you learn the value of the Suit and the Price that will buy it.

After a very successful Sale we find that we have forty-two Men's Suits left that we are going to sell cheaper than they could be purchased today.

\$20 SUITS FOR \$16 \$12 SUITS FOR \$10

\$15 SUITS FOR \$12 \$10 SUITS FOR \$7.50

Blue Serge and Fall weights not included

Seventy Boys' Knee Suits at a saving of from 50c to \$1.00 on a suit.

We also have odd lots of Caps, Shirts and Wash Suits that are great values.

F. H. NOYES CO.

NORWAY (2 Stores) SOUTH PARIS

OUR AUGUST SALE

which began August 3, is still going on.

We have many splendid bargains left, here are some of them: Men's Calf Bals Walkover, new goods, sizes 6, 6 1/2, 7, 7 1/2, regular price \$4.50, now \$3.35.

Men's Russia Calf Blucher Walkovers, sizes, 5, 5 1/2 and 6, regular price \$4.00, now \$2.95.

Men's Calf Oxfords, Fitzu, sizes 5, 5 1/2 and 6, regular price \$4.00, now \$2.95.

Men's Calf, Rubber Sole Oxfords, nearly all sizes from 5 to 9, these were \$4.00, now \$2.95. \$3.50 kind are now \$2.65.

Men's Russia Calf, Rubber Sole Oxfords, all sizes, \$4.00 grade now \$2.95. \$3.50 grade now \$2.65.

Men's Calf Oxfords, Leather Sole, all sizes, \$4.00 grade now \$2.95.

Women's Kid Button, sizes 2 1/2, 3, 3 1/2, 4, 4 1/2, 6 and 7, regular price \$3.50, now \$2.35.

Women's Calf Button, same sizes as above, regular price \$3.50, now \$2.35.

Women's Calf Button, sizes 2 1/2, 3, 3 1/2, 4, 4 1/2, 6, 6 1/2, 7, \$3.00 grade, now \$2.00.

Women's Calf Button, sizes 3 1/2, 4, 4 1/2 and 6, narrow toe, \$3.00 grade are marked just half price, \$1.50.

Women's Grey Pumps, all sizes, 2 1/2 to 5 1/2, \$4.00 grade, now \$2.95.

Women's Bronze Pumps, all sizes, 2 1/2 to 6, \$3.50 grade for \$2.50.

We also have many small lots for both men and women which we cannot mention here, that are great values.

Sale will continue until goods are sold, but they are going rapidly.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.

Opera House Block, Tel. 38-2

NORWAY, MAINE

IRA C. JORDAN

* DEALER IN *

General Merchandise

* and Grain *

BETHEL, MAINE

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

The Right Principle of Construction Saves you Money

There is always just one right way of making a thing—and all the other ways are wrong. The right way to make a wire fence is to weld the wires by electricity, at every point of contact. Clamps, wraps and ties are wrong, because they waste wire and add to the cost without adding the least bit to strength or durability. The strongest fence made is also the lowest in price. Simply because it is made on the right principle, which saves wire and adds strength.

"Pittsburgh Perfect" Fence

Is made of Open Hearth Wire Electrically Welded

All wires are galvanized by the most improved process. Every wire is open hearth wire, conceded by everybody to be stronger, tougher and better in every way than Bessemer steel wire. Low and stay wires are all of the same gauge (size)—a point which counts materially for strength and long life.

We simply ask you not to purchase any fence until you have seen the "Pittsburgh Perfect" Fence—the fence without weakness, and it is made in 73 different styles for every fence purpose.

Carver's, Bethel, Maine

A Carload Just Received, also Plain and Barbed Wire.

THE HOME C

Pleasant Reveries—A Dedicated to Tired N as they Join the Circle at Evening

FOR THE TRAVEL When starting on a trip to put in the trunk a box some of the following remedies which are liable to

First, a small bottle of one teaspoonful mixed with spoonfuls of water will give instant relief to pain in the nose; some linon, some lemon, as in juice used freely will answer the same purpose. cloves, including vinegar or sheet of writing paper at stomach will cure seasickness at least one of those remedies. Some sugar, as a cube of it, lemon juice will allay the throbbed lemon juice added to much safer for drinking water in boats and trains. sweet milk chocolate will save you from a head meal are delayed. Take one teaspoonful of table salt of cold water taken in the morn after breakfast is a good laxative.

String Beans—String Beans move the strings from one bean. Cut each pod through lengthwise, then cut into lengths. After parboiling, put in a stewpan an ounce of butter, sugar, pepper, and salt. Sauté a few minutes, till the absorbed, then add a very little water, a little lemon juice, mix until perfectly tender.

String Beans—Snap, rather with a knife, into pieces one long. Unless they are very tender will be improved by lying water an hour or more before. Throw into fast boiling water rapidly, uncovered, for an hour they will generally need more. Change the water at the end of the first half hour and they will be better if an ounce or two of meat is cooked with them. should be allowed to nearly stand, and the remainder may be made a drawn butter sauce over them; or they may be with only butter and salt. It is very hard, a bit of bread or soda as large as a pen should be added to the water.

Tomatoes—Baked or Stuffed are great possibilities in the baked or stuffed tomatoes; be varied infinitely by the different fillings, such as macaroni, rice, chopped meat, celery, tomato pulp and bread, make a good filling.

To stuff tomatoes with cold firm tomatoes, cut stem and scoop out most of the pulp. Cut some tender young corn cob, and to each cupful add a spoonful of butter, and salt and pepper to taste. Fill the tomato with this seasoned corn; place close in a buttered baking dish in a moderate oven.

Peach Kishes—Pare and large, ripe peaches. Roll on granulated sugar and one-fourth pint of water until the syrup when dropped into cold water will harden into syrup. Drop the egg mixture in large spoonfuls of boiling water and cook for a minute or two, then carefully and place on a plate. Fill each peach half with the mixture, round the tops slightly. Cool place until to serve.

Preserved Currants—I water at a hotel in Paris to

DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

his real cause of Kidney and troubles, by restoring right acid Stomach, Liver and Bowels, coming indigestion and constipation (Auto-Intoxication). Kidneys and Bladder are acid blood purified. Unbroken of wonderful success.

Write Kennedy Co., Dept. N. Y., for free Large bottle, all druggists.

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY FRED B. MERRILL.

BETHEL, MAINE.

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. If not paid in advance \$2.00 will be charged.

Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1903 at the post office at Bethel, Maine.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1916.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Continued from page 1.

nor is Burt Williams, who came into prominence in his home city of Ashland several years ago, when a cohort of men, who played politics for business purposes, were truimphing the public treasury and dodging taxes. At the same time they permitted the people to die off in droves, in order to avoid the expense of filtering the water supply that was contaminated by the clogness of sewerage. Burt Williams was a young editor at the time, and his newspaper was almost wiped out because he refused, like most of the business men, to be a tool to about as bold a crowd of politicians as ever manipulated a legislature. Although the succeeding years Mr. Williams has been a consistent champion of the rights of the public. It is more than likely that he and Senator LaPoltte will be regarded by Wisconsin voters as the trusted ones who have never failed to keep the faith, and it is probable that they will receive their reward accordingly.

LONG ROADS.

Perhaps the longest roads without a turn, ever built, are the highways that are to be constructed by the aid of Uncle Sam. Ever since the progressive policy of Government began to popularize some eight or ten years, there have been constant efforts to secure a Federal program by which Government money might be used in the building of roads throughout the country. As the result of recent legislation in Congress, millions of dollars will be made available for road improvements. Alexander Hamilton succeeded in creating a financial system for the United States Government that has weathered the storms of generations. He also tried, without success, to secure national aid for the building of public highways. President Jefferson made efforts in the same direction, and many of his successors in each and every generation have made similar attempts. The plea has always been made in the interest of the farmers, but undoubtedly the real reason for the success of the present legislation can be traced to the fact that more than two million automobiles are now owned and driven by residents of the United States—a great many of whom are not farmers.

DANGEROUS POSTAGE STAMPS.

Quite naturally it remained for Philadelphia scientists to discover that postage stamps are germ carriers. A medical journal of the Quaker City carries the disconcerting information that, out of fifty stamps tested, forty-eight yielded bacteria. However, the public need not be discouraged since it was found, with the possible exception of two cases, that none of the germs isolated could cause disease. The Philadelphians had drug store stamps to be the worst of all, and in one particular pill shop, postage stamps were badly infected with tuberculosis and lesser ills.

ARRANGING RURAL CREDITS.

The appointment of members of the Rural Credit Commission by the President, assures that the new financial plan which aims to give improved credit facilities to the farmers of the country, will be put into effect. The "non-exchangers" have stood in the way of this new reform, and its operation is apt to reduce their rates of interest.

TAXING GUN POWDER.

The Dupont Powder Company, which distributes something like fifty-five million dollars of dividends during the last year, has voted a protest against the proposed legislation to impose a tax on explosives. President DuPont, of the great ammunition concern, says that a ten per cent tax would threaten the life of the industry.

SHOULD SLOAN'S LINIMENT
GO ALONG?

Of course it should. For after a strenuous day when your muscles have been exercised to the limit as application of Sloan's Liniment will take the soreness and stiffness away and get you in fine shape for the morrow. You should also use it for a sudden attack of toothache, stiff neck, backache, ills, bites and the many accidents that are incident to a vacation. "We would as soon leave our baggage as go on a vacation or camp out without Sloan's Liniment." Writes one vacationist. "We use it for everything from sprains to toothache." Put a bottle in your bag, be prepared and have a vacation.

\$100 Reward: \$100
The editor of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one branded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages. Catarrh of the bowels is the only disease known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. His treatment is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and so breaking it up by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its efficacy that they offer One Thousand Dollars for a case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. C. CHENEY CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Take Hall's Family Pills for condensation.

DIP TO PREVENT SCAB.

Precaution Still Necessary to Continue Freedom of Flocks from the Disease.

Sheep owners should continue for some years to come to dip their flocks at least once a year as a precaution against sheep scab, according to specialists in the Department of Agriculture at Washington, D. C. During the past 10 years systematic efforts to eradicate this disease have been so successful that there is a tendency on the part of many flock masters to believe that all danger of loss from this cause is at an end. This, however, in the opinion of the department, is not the case. It is true that the economic losses from the disease at the present time are insignificant, but scab has not been completely eradicated, and it is necessary for the protection of the industry that dipping be continued for some time to come.

Common scab was formerly the greatest drawback to the sheep industry in the United States. It is, however, easily controlled by regular dipping in lime-sulphur or nicotine and sulphur solutions. These are the only preparations recognized by the Bureau of Animal Industry for official dipping. The dipping solutions are not difficult to handle, and every sheep owner is urged to make certain by their use that sheep scab does not gain a foothold in his flock.

In the cost of dipping, labor, fuel, and the necessary materials are the principal items. These vary with different localities, but in the large sheep-growing sections of the West it has been calculated that sheep may be dipped for from 2 to 3 1/2 cents per head.

Two dippings, from 10 to 14 days apart, are necessary in order to insure the complete destruction of all the mites which cause the disease. The first dipping should kill all those that are hatched, but may not destroy the eggs that have been laid in the wool. These hatch in about 10 days, and the mites which result will succumb to the second dipping. In this connection a new publication of the department, Farmers' Bulletin 713, points out that it is a loss of time and money to dip sheep unless the work is done properly, and any attempt to economize time, labor, or money by using the dip in weaker proportions than recommended, or by hurrying the sheep through the bath, or by failing to dip all of the flock, may result in rendering the whole operation useless.

It has been determined by actual experience that dips deteriorate with use. After a number of sheep have passed through the vat, the active principle falls below the standard required for effective work. In order to meet this situation, chemical-testing outfits have been designed which can be used at the vat to determine the percentage of the active principle in the dip at any given time. In the bulletin already mentioned specific instructions are given for the preparation of both lime-sulphur and nicotine and sulphur dips. Large sheep owners will find it advantageous to build and maintain their own permanent vats. Farmers and others who have only a few head of sheep may employ the portable galvanized-iron dipping vats known as "hog vats," or dipping bags made of canvas. In addition, means must be provided for heating the baths, as the temperature of the solution is an important factor in its efficiency. Both the lime-sulphur and the nicotine and sulphur dips should have a temperature of from 108 degrees to 105 degrees F. If the bath is hotter than this the sheep may be injured, and if it is colder the grease in the wool will retard its action and the mites may not be destroyed. It is desirable, therefore, that thermometers be used to ascertain the actual temperature of the bath, and that this be not left to guesswork. Dipping solutions that are more than 10 days old frequently lose their effectiveness.

The time in which the sheep are held in the bath is another matter of importance. In cases in which the read is not advanced, from two to three minutes may be sufficient, but in eradicating hard scab on fine-wool sheep better results are obtained if the animals are held from three to five minutes during the first dipping. When the disease is advanced it is also recommended that the hard scab be broken and dressed by hand with a solution of the dipping fluid before the animal is immersed in the bath. In this process care should be taken not to cause the wool to bleed.

The value of proper dipping has been abundantly demonstrated by past experience. Nearly all of the States which formerly suffered from the disease have been released from quarantine, and losses have been reduced to a minimum over the entire area affected. The disease has not, however, been entirely eradicated, and, if neglected, may assume much of its former importance. It is extremely contagious and may be spread in a number of ways. A flock of scabby sheep will infect roads, old bed grounds, wheels, trails, pastures, ranges, and the ground around watering places. During the dry summer months the scab often remains dormant, and it is not uncommon at these periods for the flock master to believe that he has eradicated it. With the coming of cold, rainy weather, however, the disease reappears.

At the present time one of the most active factors in spreading infection in the range-country is the buck. In many sections it is the custom for owners to put their bucks in a public buck herd, where they remain until a short time before they are turned into the ewe flock. Some of these community buck herds consist of from 500 to 1,500 animals belonging to a large number of different owners. Should scab exist in any one of the different outfits owned by these men, the entire buck herd will become infected and the bucks, in turn, will spread the disease upon their return to the ewe flock. It has been estimated that more than 90 per cent of the outbreaks of scab in the sheep-raising ranges in the West are due directly to these buck herds. It is therefore essential that all of these animals should be dipped before they are distributed to their various owners.

Common sheep scab is caused by a minute parasite, which is just large enough to be seen under favorable circumstances by the naked eye. These parasites deposit their eggs in clumps on the skin at the base of the wool fibers. They multiply with such extraordinary rapidity that if a few mites make a foothold on one or two sheep, in a short time their descendants will be numerous enough to infect and injure seriously an entire flock. The damage consists not only in the death of a large number of the infected sheep, but in decreasing the quantity of wool produced by those which survive and in a general loss in weight and condition.

The first symptoms to be noticed are restlessness on the part of the affected animals and a tendency to bite and scratch themselves. If the affected parts are within reach of the mouth, the wool is likely to be pulled out. Elsewhere it is scratched or rubbed so that it assumes a discolored and ragged appearance. As the disease advances, larger and larger areas are entirely stripped of wool. When the presence of scab is suspected, it is sometimes possible to discover the live mites by suddenly parting the wool around the affected area. With the aid of a magnifying glass, or even with the naked eye, the mites can then be seen moving away from the light. Scrappings may also be taken from the outer edge of the affected areas with a blunt-edged knife. In warm sunlight the mites on these scrappings will become active, and they may be seen as minute gray bodies moving against a dark background. Well-advanced cases are easy to recognize, but the disease should never be allowed to become far advanced. Any condition which causes the sheep to bite and scratch should be investigated at once. Occasionally the trouble may be found to be due to sheep ticks, common ticks, and lice. Both ticks and lice are much larger than the scab mites and can easily be found on examination. It must be remembered, however, that their presence does not mean that the sheep are not also infested with scab mites.

ALBANY.

Faith and Helen Andrews have been visiting their grandmother, Mrs. Sumner Grover, of North Waterford.

Frank Bean of Oxford was in town, Sunday, visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Bean.

Frank Payne of Oxford visited his nephew, Ernest Payne, Sunday.

Miss Nina Bean returned home, Monday, after a pleasant visit in Bartlett, N. H.

There is a saying that no one keeps a dog at Hunt's Corner because the wind blows so it would blow all the hair off. After the strong winds of Sunday and Monday it is very easy to believe such a story.

We are grieved to learn that Alta Cummings was taken to Portland early Thursday morning for an operation for appendicitis. We are glad to state at this writing that she is getting along nicely.

Misses Edna Collett and Eva Geddes returned to their homes in Boston last Saturday.

Mrs. Anna L. Dean and children of Ashburn are visiting friends and relatives in town.

Mr. Griffith, the summer student here, attended the conference at Upton last week.

Next Sunday will be observed as

SLEEPY MEDS. NEGLECTED MEALS.

The best possible for Dyspepsia, Indigestion and other stomach trouble. Restores your rest and appetite with.

CAROL Indigestion & Apsules.

Trials size 25c. Regular box 5c. N. Y.

Ell Sykes, Distributor, 29-36 Murray St., N. Y.

1864 1916

Ryde, Wheeler & Co. BOSTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WANT YOUR FARM PRODUCTS

Eggs, Live and Dressed Poultry,

Veal, Apples and Potatoes.

Prices, shipping tags, dressing, packing

shipping instructions, etc., sent free.

ENTERS THE ERA
OF "FALL WORK"

Look to us for

Corn Binders

Grain Binders

Binder Twine

Ensilage Cutters

Ensilage Cutters & Blowers

Gasoline Engines

Potato Diggers

Sulky Plows

Walking Plows

Let us quote you

KENDALL & WHITNEY
Portland, Maine

MAINE FAIR DATES.

Aug. 15, 16, 17—Cornish.

Aug. 22, 23, 24—Bridgton Agricultural Association, Bridgton.

Aug. 22, 23, 24, 25—Eastern Maine, Bangor.

Aug. 29-31—Orrrington.

Aug. 29, 30, 31, Sept. 1—General

Maine, Waterville.

Aug. 29, 30, 31, Sept. 1—Houlton.

Sept. 1, 2, 3, 4—Maine State, Lewiston.

Sept. 5, 6, 7—No. Penobscot, Springfield.

Sept. 5, 6, 7, 8—Northern Maine, Presque Isle.

Sept. 7, 8, 9—Somerset Central, Skowhegan.

Sept. 12, 13, 14—W. Washington, Cherryfield.

Sept. 12, 13, 14—Aroostook Co., Caribou.

Sept. 12, 13, 14—Oxford Co., South Paris.

Sept. 12, 13, 14—Waldo and Penobscot, Monroe.

Sept. 13, 14—Eden.

Sept. 16—Emden.

Sept. 19, 20—Unity.

Sept. 19, 20, 21—Cumberland Co., Gorham.

Sept. 19, 20, 21—No. Franklin, Phillips.

Sept. 19, 20, 21—Machias Valley, Machias.

Sept. 19, 20, 21—South Kennebec, S. Windsor.

Sept. 19, 20, 21—Androscoggin Valley, Canaan.

Sept. 26—Richmond Farmers', Richmond.

Sept. 27—Cochnewgan Agricultural Association, Monmouth.

Sept. 29, 30, 31—Franklin Co., Farmington.

Sept. 24, 25, 26—North Knox, Union.

Sept. 26, 27, 28—Lincoln Co., Damariscotta.

Sept. 26, 27, 28—W. Penobscot, Exeter.

Sept. 26, 27, 28—W. Oxford, Fryeburg.

Sept. 27—Cochnewgan, Monmouth.

Sept. 27, 28—Grangers' Fair, Saco.

Sept. 27, 28—Cumberland Farmers', W. Cumberland.

Sept. 27, 28—Northern Oxford, Andover.

Oct. 8—Greene.

Oct. 3, 4, 5—New Gloucester and

Dixville, Upper Gloucester.

Oct. 3, 4, 5—Shapleigh and Aton, Aton.

Oct. 3, 4, 5—Somerset, Harrington.

Oct. 3, 4, 5—Bristol.

Oct. 4—Tranquillity Grange, Lincolnville.

Oct. 10—Litchfield Fair, Litchfield.

Oct. 10, 11, 12—Sagadahock Co., Topsham.

RUMFORD

Miss Eva Eaton of Chicago is the guest of her brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Fred O. Eaton, of Franklin street.

Miss Edith Marston of Portland is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Howard, of Stratfield Park.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Lovejoy returned the last of the week from Boston, where they went to attend the wedding of Mrs. Esther Moore Dennis, formerly of Rumford, and Mr. Robert Meenan of Cincinnati. The wedding took place on Thursday evening last at the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Robinson, a cousin of the bride, in Arlington, Mass., after which the happy couple left, by auto, on their honeymoon.

Others attending the ceremony were a brother, two sisters, and mother of the groom from Cincinnati, and Nahum Moore of Rumford, a nephew of Mrs. Dennis. Many costly and beautiful presents were given the couple by friends and relatives. Mr. Meenan is connected with a big Foundry and Machine Company in Chattanooga, Tennessee, as vice president. Mr. Lovejoy speaks very highly of his impressions of Mr. Meenan.

It is understood that Mr. and Mrs. Zenas Morse will occupy the Philo Clarke house on Prospect avenue upon their return from their honeymoon trip.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Stratton are taking an automobile trip to New Brunswick, enjoying camp life by the way.

Mr. Perry Lapham of Rumford has purchased the Alfred Brant place in South Woodstock.

Miss Lena Felt spent the week end with Mrs. Charles L. Pulsifer at Bayley's Hill, East Poland.

Rumford is to be penalized by another special town meeting called for Aug. 19, for the purpose of appropriating money for the furnishings of the new Municipal building, which is nearing completion, the article stating, "To see what sum of money the town will vote to raise to purchase furniture for the Auditorium and officer, jail cells, light fixtures and improved fire escapes, and to see how the same shall be raised." Another article in the warrant is to see if the town will vote to hold all future town meetings in the new Municipal Hall after it is completed, this being necessary to make such meetings legal.

Mrs. Clara Bartlett of Stratfield Park is in Bethlehem, N. H., her former home for a short visit. She is staying at the Central House.

William Morton of Conway, N. H., has accepted a position as chemist at the Oxford Mill.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hatch of Reading, Mass., formerly of this town, are receiving congratulations upon the birth of a son weighing ten pounds.

Miss Abby Perry is enjoying a fortnight's vacation with friends in Augusta and Watthrop.

Mrs. Gideon Prevost is in Quebec for a month's visit with her mother.

The Misses Helen Hastings and Annie Abbott of the Virginia District are spending three weeks with their grandparents in Fall River, Mass.

Mr. Charles Sander, of the firm of Levin and Sander, is enjoying a week's vacation at Old Orchard Beach.

Miss Lillian Coblenz of Boston is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Max Greenberg. After spending a few weeks here, she will go to Canada to visit friends.

Miss Mary Meekland, who has been teacher of music and drawing in the Norway Public Schools for the past two years, has been elected to a like position in the Rumford Schools.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ruff of Pine street are receiving congratulations upon the birth of a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Elton Rawley of Walpole, Mass., are the guests of Mr. Rawley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rawley, of Pine street.

The Continental Paper Bag Company has declared a 1-1/2 cent quarterly dividend on the preferred stock.

Miss Mary Coombs of Poland has been engaged as teacher of domestic science in the Rumford schools. Miss Coombs comes from the Castine, Norway, school.

Mrs. Augusta C. Hugston of the National Suffrage Organization speaks on "Woman's Suffrage in the Ladies

JUST GOT OVER
A COLD?

Look out for kidney troubles and backache. Colds overtax the kidneys and often leave them weak. For weak kidneys—well, read what a Bethel man says:

"Mr. Wood, 4 Park St., Bethel, says: 'My kidneys began to annoy me some years ago and after I had strained my back lifting. After this, my back ached pretty badly and I was in miserable shape for a long time. When I took cold, my kidneys got congested and at times, they acted irregularly. I finally took Doctor Doan's Kidney Pills and I never took another medicine that acted so quickly. I soon had relief from the backache and the action of my kidneys was corrected. Now, I take Doctor Doan's Kidney Pills as needed and I am always benefited.'

Price 50¢ at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doctor Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Wood had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

room at the Mechanics Institute on Monday afternoon.

Hector Roderick is substituting in the store of the E. J. Roderick Grocery Company during the absence of Fred Roderick.

Howard Leader of the E. K. Day Company left this week for a two weeks' vacation to be spent with relatives in Bar Harbor.

Mrs. Nathan Israelson and sons are spending two weeks with relatives in Turner.

Jack Kiersey, for a number of years a clerk in the Rumford Public Market, has resigned his position to accept the position as manager of the Direct Importing Company's Tea Store. Mr. Kierstead, its former manager, has been promoted.

Miss Gertrude Clarke of Portland is the guest of Miss Aida Henry of Penobscot street.

Mrs. L. P. Booth of Providence, R. I., is the guest of her husband, the Congress street photographer.

Marshall Randolph is entertaining his mother from Lynn, Mass.

Frederick Roderick and Anna and George Cayer and family are enjoying a two weeks' stay in camp at the Lake.

Mrs. Alfred Mortenson is visiting relatives in Gorham, N. H.

Miss Mildred Smith is substituting for Miss Hazel Lovejoy at the freight office of the M. G. Jr. R.

Lawrence Sanborn is enjoying a two weeks' vacation which he is spending with relatives in Portland, Lewiston, Byron and Weld.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Packard of East Peru have taken up their residence in Rumford, Mr. Packard having secured employment on the railroad.

On Tuesday the Elks of Rumford and Berlin, N. H., joined in observing their annual field day at the Twiddle farm above Bethel. An old fashioned clam bake was the principal feed of the day, and the expert who prepared the bake for the Portland Lodge's Field Day was in charge of it. There were sports of all kinds, some improvised for the occasion. Philip M. Israelson, Exalted Ruler of the Rumford Lodge was in charge of the sports, while George Lovett directed the physical culture on the behalf of the Berlin contingent.

Mrs. Edith Lee Neal, a teacher of the first grade in the Pettengill School, has been promoted to the position of principal of that school.

Miss E. Louise Kidder of the Rumford Falls Trust Company had as an over-night guest at her home at Hale, Miss Charlotte French, they going to Hale's Camp on the Rangeley Lake on the Sunday train returning on the evening express.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Elliott of Norway and Mr. and Mrs. George Clay of Grand Rapids, Mich., are the guests of their nephew and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Harris L. Elliott, at their summer home at Worthley Pond.

Mr. Stanley McNamee of Boston is the guest of his parents, Postmaster and Mrs. George B. McNamee, of Knox street.

Mr. and Mrs. Elton Rawley of Walpole, Mass., are the guests of Mr. Rawley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rawley, of Pine street.

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Mrs. Augusta C. Hugston of the National Suffrage Organization speaks on "Woman's Suffrage in the Ladies

NORTH HARTFORD.

Walter Farrar has recovered from his recent operation so as to be able to assist with the milking.

Mrs. C. H. Holmes and son, Charles, of Massachusetts, have been recent visitors with their cousin, Mrs. Rose Sargent.

Clarence Bucknam, of Sumner is working for Mr. Walter Farrar.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Poland are soon to move to E. Sumner, where they have engaged a rent in the Alfred Irish house.

Mrs. Eddie Davenport visited her daughter, Wilma, at Pinewood Camp, Sunday.

It sometimes happens that one's past is an ever present menace.

Buy a 50¢ book of "poor medical advice" for free advice.

L. P. MORTON CO., Portland, Me.

ANDOVER

Mrs. Ellery Merrill, and children, who have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lucien Akers, returned to their home at Rumford Point, Sunday.

Mrs. J. L. Oliver from Bethel has been visiting her sister, Mrs. C. B. Newton.

A cabaret entertainment was given in the town hall Saturday evening that was very successful.

Mr. and Mrs. Sylvanus Learned are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter.

The Camp Fire Girls gave a literary and musical entertainment Thursday afternoon, Aug. 10, at the home of Mrs. Olivia Dresser. Each girl invited her mother and a merry company assembled. The following program was carried out:

Instrumental Duet, Payne Dresser, Hazel Mills Piano Solo, Mattie Cutting Cornet Solo, Eva Snell Reading, Mary Marston Piano Solo, Atholde Sweeny Piano Solo, Faye Dresser Remarks, Lucene Smith Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

Ralph Thurston and family visited his brother, Forrest Thurston, and family at Norway, Sunday.

Miss Matilda Hall is at home for a few weeks vacation.

Ed Lufkin from Rumford was in town, Monday, buying veal calves.

Mrs. Nellie Benson and daughter, Pauline, and Lincoln Dresser were guests of Mrs. V. A. Thurston, Thursday day of last week.

Dorothy Akers was in Rumford, Saturday.

Stephen Abbott, L. M. Hewey and Roger Thurston have purchased new automobiles.

The King's Daughters annual sale of fancy work and aprons will be held in the town hall, Thursday evening, Aug. 24.

Mrs. John Caldwell, who has been ill at Ridlonville, has returned home.

There were moving pictures at the Congregational church, Sunday evening.

Mrs. Nellie Benson and daughter returned to their home in So. Framingham this week. Ralph Dresser, son of the late Emery Dresser, of Lisbon, accompanied them.

Mrs. Owen Smith of Mexico has been a recent guest of her brother, Fred Smith, and family.

H. H. Morton is buying at the Surplus.

Miss Eddie Akers is visiting her uncle, Fred Akers, at Salem, N. H.

Clarence Newton and family, Mrs. J. L. Oliver, with Arthur Lang as chauffeur made an auto trip to the White Mountains this week.

Mrs. George Wakefield entertained a few friends Monday, Aug. 14. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

WEST BETHEL.

Rev. H. F. Burdon from West Medway, Mass., will occupy the pulpit next Sunday at the Union church at 10:30.

Ethel Allen is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Allen, coming from Cambridge, Mass., to spend her vacation.

The carpenters from South Paris are putting up the new house for R. E. Mason.

Mrs. L. E. Bean, Cora Mason and Pauline from South Paris were at A. F. Mason's, Monday.

The two little girls of Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Grover, Sylvie and Hazel, went to the hospital at Lewiston, Tuesday.

Mrs. Dean Martin and Mrs. C. J. Bell from Norway were at G. D. Morris', Sunday, also Miss Violet Merrill from Auburn.

Miss Marion Bean from Mason visited at Ervin Hutchinson's, Sunday.

The coming Grange Fair will be September twenty-first.

GROVER HILL.

Misses Gladys and Eleanor Jordan from Mechanic Falls are guests at Mr. F. Tyler's.

Mrs. McAllister from Stowham is the guest of her son, Ingalls McAllister.

Miss Gwendolyn Stearns returned Saturday from Lake Tripp, where she was the house party guest of Miss Dorothy Penney of Mechanic Falls for two weeks.

Mr. Edward Gibbs motored to Boston for a few days last week. He was accompanied by Mrs. E. R. Whitman.

Miss Ermie Allen, who returned to her home in Manchester, N. H., Miss Beatrice Blake, Mr. E. V. Evans Whitman and Miss Marion Andrews.

Mr. Karl Stearns spent a few days last week at "Binehurst," Round Pond.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Poland are soon to move to E. Sumner, where they have engaged a rent in the Alfred Irish house.

Mrs. Eddie Davenport visited her daughter, Wilma, at Pinewood Camp, Sunday.

Mr. A. J. Pease has employment at Harry Lyon's.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

WEST PARIS

D. H. Findol is building a new garage.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Barden and Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Johnson and Ruth Wilkins spent Sunday at Peru's Beach.

Mrs. Lucinda Small is visiting Mrs. Sara Curtis and other friends.

Mrs. I. F. Emmons, Miss Bertha Edmunds and Mr. Hanson of Portland have been spending a few days at their home here and are visiting relatives.

Mrs. George Proctor and five children of Skowhegan are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. Bacon, and sister, Mrs. Orr Marston.

Mr. and Mrs. Leland Lane of Pennsylvania and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Estabrook and son, Richard, of Berlin, N. H., are guests at C. H. Lane's.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Bacon and children are spending a week at Portland, the guests of her mother, Mrs. Lovett.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Davis are soon to move to Connecticut. They will sell a part of the furniture before going.

Mrs. Rose Brooks of Gray is visiting her daughter, Mrs. P. C. Mayhew.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Penley and son, Donald, recently motored to Berlin, N. H., and were guests of friends. Mrs. Clark Ridlon accompanied them to Locke's Mills and Mr. and Mrs. Bert Day to Gorham, N. H.

D. H. Findol, Fred, G. M. Mayhew, Mildred and Beatrice Davis and Mrs. Ida Rowe enjoyed an auto trip to Portland and Cape Elizabeth, returning by Brunswick, Lewiston and Hebron, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Mann and Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Mann and Mary have been recent guests of their mother, Mrs. E. H. Mann, at Norway.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Libby of Gorham, N. H., recently called on their aunt and uncle, Dr. and Mrs. O. K. Yates.

Mrs. Harry Cummings and daughter, Evelyn, of Auburn spent the day, Sunday, with their aunt and uncle, Dr. and Mrs. O. K. Yates.

Mrs. Nettie Swan is working for Mrs. O. K. Yates.

Helen Packard observed her eighth birthday on Tuesday, Aug. 8, with a birthday party numbering eight. She received a number of presents.

EAST BETHEL.

Mrs. Bertha Cole is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Cole.

Mr. G. N. Kimball was last week's guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Howe and family.

Mr. Lester F. Benn has joined Mrs. Bean at Phillips, Me., for a week's vacation.

These exhibitions are invariably held independent of the county fair, although there is apparently no reason why a show of this kind could not be made an important and outstanding feature of the annual county event.

In some instances these shows were inaugurated with simply one class for grade draft foals and have gradually grown until the classification is almost as complete as that of the State fair.

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"Stenographer Wanted!"
"Hello! Give me Oxford 1765."
"This is Burdett College."
"I'm George Adams. Send me another stenographer as good as the last. I had to promote her!"

Business men prefer
Burdett-trained young men and women because they are **capable, trained, alert**. Burdett graduates always obtain satisfactory positions.

We'd like to talk with you about YOUR boy or girl. Burdett College Courses: Business, Shorthand, Combined, Secretarial, Applied Business and Management, Spanish, Civil Service, Financing, Normal.

Positions for all Graduates.
Day or Night School. Data upon request. Visit these schools.

BURDETTE COLLEGE
16 Newell Street, Boston

POEMS WORTH READING

DOG DAYS IN MAINE.
When the fog comes rolling, rolling,
And the fishermen cease trolling,
Homeward to turn again,
When it steals in nearer, nearer,
Now quite dense, then lifting, clearer,
It is dogdays, only, dogdays,
Down in Maine.

Like a blanket it enfolds you,
In its sticky grasp it holds you;
Wetter than the rain;
Strange fantastic shapes assuming,
Houses as cathedrals looming
When 'tis dogdays, only dogdays,
Down in Maine.

When you walk in the morning
Your damp, limp clothing scorning,
In language very plain,
Unless 'tis to scold or grumble,
Or imprecations murmur,
For 'tis dogdays, only dogdays,
Down in Maine.

When mosquitoes are voracious,
Biting savagely, rapiacious,
Making you insane,
When the dewdrops on the grass
Wet your ankles as you pass,
It is dogdays, only dogdays,
Down in Maine.

When the fairy cobwebs lie
Like lace doilies out to dry
In the winding lane;

When the toadstools look their best,
In their many colors drest,
It is dogdays, only dogdays,
Down in Maine.

When the rocks look even grayer,
And the goldenrod is gayer,
With asters in its train;
When the dear old pines are greenest;
And the birches white are cleanest,
It is dogdays, only dogdays,
Down in Maine.

Learn to love these misty vapors,
Muggy, bunting, full of capers,
From custom to refrain;

You will find a greater pleasure
When you spend your hard-earned leisure,
For 'tis dogdays, only dogdays,
Down in Maine.

Anna Biggs.
*** * * *
BORROWING TROUBLE.

By Elliott Walker.
Now, the very worst thing that might
happen, you know,
Is the thing that don't happen at all.

We forget and worry, lamenting and
sorriy,
In the grasp of expectancy's thrall,
Apprehensive forebodings encumber
our souls,

Depression weighs down like a pall,
We wear a long face with a very poor
grace,

And then nothing happens at all!

When we prophesy storms it is sure
to clear off,
When our money's gone, something
comes in;

And the thoughts of those bills which
have given us chills

Every month, shouldn't make us
grow thin,
For they fly down the past like the
leaves on the blast,

We settle up, somehow, and why
Do we bother and fret over what we
forget

Before many days have passed by?

We were not carried off by that terrible
cough,

And in fact, 'twasn't much, come to
think;

All our pains and our aches and our
dreadful mistakes,

Why, they too have slid over the
bank

Of the golf that forgets; yet we still
wring our hands,

Predicting some ruinous fall,

Approaching disaster we bale as our
master...

And then nothing happens at all!

*** * * *

IS IT ANYBODY'S BUSINESS?

Is it anybody's business,

If a gentleman should choose

To wait upon a lady,

If a lady don't refuse?

Or, to speak a little plainer,

That the meaning all may know,

Is it anybody's business

If a lady has a beau?

Is it anybody's business

When that gentleman doth call

Or when he leaves the lady,

Or if he leaves at all?

Or is it necessary

That the curtains should be drawn,

To save from further trouble

The outside looker-on?

Is it anybody's business

But the lady's of her brain

Ridic' out with other ladies,

And doesn't let her know?

Is it anybody's business

Is your doggish Adv.

When that gentleman doth call
Or when he leaves the lady,
Or if he leaves at all?
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Is it anybody's business

But the lady's of her brain

Ridic' out with other ladies,

For Your Baby. The Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

is the only guarantee that you have the

Genuine

CASTORIA

prepared by him for over 30 years.

YOU'LL give YOUR baby the BEST

Your Physician Knows Fletcher's Castoria.
Sold only in one size bottle, never in bulk
or otherwise; to protect the
babies.

The Centaur Company. *Chas. Fletcher*

SUMMER HATCHED CHICK- ENS.

By G. E. Conkey.

Summer hatched chicks can without question be made profitable where the best of care is given to their raising and where conditions are favorable. There are, however, many difficulties to be overcome in raising chicks during hot weather, difficulties that do not present themselves in the cooler and more favorable months of the spring.

INCUBATOR.

Bear in mind, first of all, that while small chicks require a rather high temperature in brooding, when they endure excessive heat due to exposure to a hot sun, through poorly arranged coops, or lack of shade, it is very harmful to them and digestive troubles are sure to follow. Chicks that are several weeks old can stand more excess heat than the younger ones and this fact makes them one of the strongest arguments in favor of early hatching where conditions are not such that overhatching can be entirely avoided.

RANGE.

It is seldom that the city poultry raiser has the necessary room to take care of late chicks for there must be no over crowding them and it is simply courting disaster to run the late chicks in with the older and larger ones.

Free range is best for late chicks and an orchard or piece of woodland makes an ideal run for them. It is a good plan to set the hens out under the trees in coops or barrels making a nest right on the ground. Such a location will provide plenty of shade for the newly hatched chicks and on the range they will get the grass and insects so essential for their welfare and their making quick growth. If you cannot give your chicks the shade and room then don't attempt any summer hatching but confine your efforts entirely to the spring months.

COOPS.

Coops used for chicks in hot weather must provide for plenty of fresh air, and open fronts should be the rule. A one inch mesh netting should be used for protection against night prowling animals, and don't neglect to take care of this until you discover you've lost a number of chicks.

LICE.

Lice are always more troublesome during the hot weather and coops should be gone over regularly with a good lice liquid. The chicks should also be treated for head lice a day or two after hatching and repeat this again in a week or ten days. It should hardly be necessary to tell you that the lice used for hatching require dusting with lice powder at least twice a day.

FOOD.

The diet of summer chicks is much the same as given at other times, perhaps allowing just a little less corn or other heating foods. Give your chicks buttermilk or sour milk—it is a wonderful help to the delicate digestive organs of the chick and helps it grow strong and husky and to get a good start in life and grow into a big profit making bird. A healthy robust chick will also fight off most chick diseases.

side edges of the pan and make a tight cover.

For the steam pipe, cut a hole 1 1/2 inches in diameter, and around it solder securely a steam outlet pipe 4 1/2 inches high and 1 1/2 inches in diameter.

To make the second layer of the cover, use a piece of asbestos board five-sixteenths of an inch thick and slightly smaller than the metal sheet. In the center cut a hole which will fit tightly around the steam outlet pipe.

For the top layer of the cover make a shallow pan of galvanized iron 14 inches square, with sides five-eighths of an inch high, and cut a hole for the steam pipe. When the pan is pressed down tight on the asbestos, solder it firmly to the steam outlet pipe.

On the pan, solder, on edge, four strips of stiff galvanized iron three-eighths of an inch wide. They should start 1 inch from each corner and should run to within 1 inch of the outlet pipe. These strips provide ridges which raise the milk can from the pan and permit free circulation of steam.

Paper may be used instead of asbestos for the middle layer of the cover. Pack papers tightly to a height of three-eighths of an inch over the galvanized-iron bottom, and on top place another galvanized-iron sheet of the same size. Solder these two sheets all around the edges, so as to make a tight seam. This makes an insulated cover and pad about three-eighths of an inch thick, which will be found as satisfactory, and even preferable, to the asbestos insulation.

The sterilizer may be used on the kitchen or other stove, or over any other heat that is sufficient to furnish steam at the end of the outlet pipe at least 205 degrees F., or preferably 210 degrees to 211 degrees F. A thermometer, if placed in the outlet pipe, will show whether the steam is hot enough.

Operating the Sterilizer.

Place the outfit, with 1 inch of water in the pan, on the stove, and see that the cover fits tightly. The first steam that comes from the apparatus will have a temperature of about 140 degrees F. Wait until the thermometer placed in the outlet pipe shows at least 205 degrees F. Then place the milk can—previously washed and rinsed—over the steam outlet and inverted over the ridges. Sterilize for 5 minutes; remove, shake out any water, and place the can upright on the floor. The can should be absolutely dry in 1 or 2 minutes. If not, it is an indication either that the steam was not hot enough or that the can was not washed clean. Remember that the steaming does not remove dirt, so that previous washing is essential.

In winter or in cold rooms an insulating cover for the milk can is desirable, since otherwise the can may be cooled so quickly that it will not dry thoroughly. An insulated cover that will serve this purpose can be made from a blanket.

Sterilize the milk-receiving tank and separator parts and all milk pails in the same way and for the same time.

Before strainer cloths, separator parts, can covers, and small utensils can be sterilized it is necessary to provide a bottomless, galvanized-iron box 15 by 16 by 11 inches high to be used as a sterilizing chamber. The four sides of the box should fit tightly into the shallow pan and the box itself should be provided with a tightly fitting metal cover equipped with a handle.

To handle strainer cloths, string a wire across one side three-fourths inch from the top and one-half inch from the side. Before placing the box in position, hang the strainer cloth on the wire, folding it so that one edge may be reached easily without handling the entire cloth. Set the can covers upright along the sides of the box inside, with the tops of the covers against the box. The box should hold 3 covers at one time.

After Sterilizing.

After sterilizing, place covers on cans as soon as both are dry and do not remove until the cans are to be filled with milk. The pails, as well as the tank and separator parts, should be kept always in a clean place out of reach of dust.

SONG POND.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Trott and two children of Westbrook, Me., Mrs. Nedie Gordon of Stark, N. H., and Mr. Sydney Dunn of Providence, R. I., were at A. B. Kimball's, Sunday morning from Stark to Westbrook. Mrs. Trott is Mr. Kimball's cousin.

Miss Rena George is teaching school at the Bennett district and boarding with Mrs. Millard Clough.

Misses Colla and Jennie Kimball, who have been spending a few days in Bethel, the guests of Mrs. William Lowe, have returned home.

John Kimball has finished work for Isaac Wardell and is now working on the State road for F. H. Bennett and driving Mr. Bennett's team.

Laura Jodrey and children are stop-

ping with J. E. Good for a while.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lowe of Bethel spent Sunday at Song Lake Cottages with Mrs. A. B. Kimball.

Song school will commence Monday, Aug. 21st.

FEDERAL INQUIRY IN WAGE DISPUTE

Railroad Managers Submit
Plans to Avoid Great Strike.

ARBITRATION IS OFFERED.

Agree to Refer Demands of Men For
More Pay to the Interstate Commerce
Commission or to Accept Settlement
Under Newlands Act.

New York.—The announcement that the strike vote which has been in progress among the train service employees of American railroads for the past several weeks has been completed, and that the final demands by the union leaders are soon to be presented to the railroad managers here, indicates that the public will soon know whether the controversy between the railroad workers and their employers is to be settled peacefully, or whether a nation-wide strike is to be inflicted upon the country.

Thus far the leaders of the four unions—the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, the Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen have refused to consider any proposal for an arbitration of the questions in dispute, or for settlement of the controversy by the Interstate Commerce Commission to investigate and pass upon the matter.

Would Cost \$100,000,000.

The demands of the train service men for an increase in wages, which it is estimated, would cost the railroads of the country \$100,000,000 a year, were originally presented last March. At that time the representatives of the unions asked for a conference with a committee of railroad managers representing the various railroad lines of the country.

This conference began here in New York on June 1st, and continued for two weeks. The railroads were represented by a committee of nineteen managers, and the brotherhoods by the heads of their various national and local organizations—some eight hundred men in all.

Choice of Methods Offered.

The conference failed to reach a decision owing to the refusal of the union leaders to consider any modification of their demands, or any proposal for arbitration. At the conclusion of the meetings the railroad managers submitted a proposal to refer the whole question to the Interstate Commerce Commission, or to arbitration under the provision of the federal statute covering the subject.

The alternative suggestions which they advanced for adjusting the controversy were as follows:

1. Probably by submission to the Interstate Commerce Commission, the only tribunal which, by reason of its accumulated information bearing on railway conditions and its control of the revenues of the railways, is in a position to consider and protect the rights and equities of all the interests affected, and to provide additional revenue necessary to meet the added cost of operation in case your proposals are found by the Commission to be just and reasonable; or

2. In the event the Interstate Commerce Commission cannot, under existing laws, act in the premises, that we jointly request Congress to take such action as may be necessary to enable the Commission to consider and promptly dispose of the questions involved; or

3. By arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Federal law, entitled, "An Act Providing for Mediation, Conciliation and Arbitration in Controversies between Certain Employers and their Employees," approved July 15, 1913, and commonly known as the Newlands Act."

Unions Refuse Offer.

The union leaders declined to consider the suggestion of the railroad managers, and announced that they would seek a vote of the members of the unions asking that they be given authority to declare a strike on all the railroad lines of the country. This strike vote has been in progress for the past six weeks, and, according to reports which have been received there from time to time, will result in giving the four union leaders the authority which they asked for to halt every railroad train from one end to the other to the other.

Meanwhile a resolution has been introduced into Congress at the request of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States directing the Interstate Commerce Commission to investigate the whole question of railway wages and their relation to railway earnings. The commercial interests, the newspapermen, and public men of the nation have gone on record as demanding that the dispute be settled peacefully.

What the Public Pays.

Out of every dollar the public pays the railroads for transportation the railroad employees receive 44 cents. The traveler who spends \$100 a year for tickets is paying \$44 for railroad labor. The merchant whose freight bill amounts to \$1,000 contributes \$440 to the railroad payroll. The merchant gets the money from his customers in the prices he charges for his wares. The public pays every dollar of the railroad bill.

As the increase for all the lines is es-

timated to amount to \$100,000,000 a year the railroads say that they cannot pay it unless they are allowed to increase freight and passenger rates.

The average wages of the men engaged in train service are already very much higher than those of other employees and they receive 28 per cent of the total payroll although constituting only 18 per cent of the whole number of railroad men.

BUSINESSMEN TRY TO AVERT STRIKE

Ask Congress to Direct U. S.
Inquiry into R. R. Wages.

FOR PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT

Members of United States Chamber of
Commerce Vote Overwhelmingly in
Favor of Letting Interstate Commerce
Commission Adjust Controversy.

Washington.—In order to ascertain the position of the business men of the nation on the controversy between the railroads of the country and the unions of train service employees, which was precipitated by the demand of the latter for an increase in wages that would amount to \$100,000,000 a year, the United States Chamber of Commerce recently submitted the matter to a vote of all its members. They were asked to express their opinion as to whether the dispute should be allowed to take its course with the possibility of a great strike that would tie up all the transportation lines throughout the country and paralyze all business, or whether they would favor the adoption of a joint resolution by the two branches of congress directing the Interstate Commerce Commission to investigate and pass upon the matter.

The vote received was a very large one, and represented business organizations in every part of the country. The result was overwhelming in favor of placing the matter in the hands of the Interstate Commerce Commission, 984, votes being cast in favor of this course and only 284 against it.

The result showed clearly that the business interests of the country are uniformly against permitting the transportation lines to be tied up by a national railroad strike that would paralyze the commerce of the country and inflict enormous losses on all classes of citizens.

Chairman Wheeler of the Committee in charge of the matter for the Chamber of Commerce appeared before the representatives of the railroads and their employees at their conference in New York in June. He announced the result of the Committee's inquiry among the business men of the country and urged both to the dispute to get together and adopt the course suggested.

As a result the committee of managers representing the railroads submitted a proposal that the whole subject be placed before the Interstate Commerce Commission as requested by the representatives of the business interests.

As an alternative they offered to submit the demands to arbitration under the Federal law.

Both offers were refused by the union leaders, who announced that they would go back to their unions and get authority to declare a strike. This they have since been doing.

What such a strike would mean to the American people cannot be set forth in mere facts and figures. It can be dimly imagined by those who realize what an infinite and vital part transportation plays in every industrial activity of the country.

Cities Would Face Starvation.

There is scarcely a person in any part of the land who would not be immediately affected if the millions of bushels turning wheels on our nearly three hundred thousand miles of railroads were to stop for a single day. If the tie-up continued for a week, the blow to the industry of the country would be greater than that caused by any pause of recent history.

To the big cities of the country, and particularly to the cities of the eastern seaboard, it would mean a cutting off of food supplies that would place the inhabitants virtually in a state of siege.

In the case of many food products these cities do not carry on hand a stock sufficient to feed their people for more than a week, and in the case of some, such as milk and fresh vegetables, supplies are replenished daily.

The stopping of transportation therefore, would mean suffering and want to these city dwellers, and if continued for long would threaten many of them with actual starvation.

Vast Loss to Farmers.

To the farmers of the country a general railroad strike would be a catastrophe, only less serious. Cut off from his market, the farmer could not move his produce, and the price of grain and other staples would be quickly cut in two, while the market value of more perishable articles would disappear entirely.

The strike would make it extremely difficult to harvest crops in many sections. It would make the disposal of the crops impossible, and would inflict losses amounting to hundreds of millions of dollars upon the farmers of the country.

The great industrial plants of the country would soon be forced to close down following the declaration of a strike because they could not obtain supplies needed for their operation, nor could they ship their finished products to market. Their plants would soon be idle, and millions of men would be thrown out of work.

With the income of practically every class of citizens either seriously cut down or suspended entirely, merchants would transact little business, because there would be few purchases. In short, the industrial activities of the whole country would be virtually paralysed from the moment the railroads ceased to operate.

These demands would increase the hourly rate of pay 25 per cent, and the overtime rate 57½ per cent.

They also insist that all special extra pay provisions in the 40-hour schedules shall be included in the proposed 8-hour schedule.

These special rules frequently give double pay for the same service, and enable the employee to earn two and three days' pay in a single day of ordinary working hours.

As the increase for all the lines is es-

timated to amount to \$100,000,000 a year the railroads say that they cannot pay it unless they are allowed to increase freight and passenger rates.

The average wages of the men engaged in train service are already very much higher than those of other employees and they receive 28 per cent of the total payroll although constituting only 18 per cent of the whole number of railroad men.

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ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Miss Gertrude Bailey was at Newry, Friday.

P. P. Flint from Newry was in town, Monday.

Henry Flint was in Locke's Mills, Friday and Saturday.

Mr. Albert Burbank of Portland is a guest at Maple Inn.

Evelyn Chandler of Norway visited her grandparents, Sunday.

Miss Pearl Magoun of Harmony is a guest of Miss Iona Tibbets.

Mr. Lester Emmaus from Newry was at Mrs. May Allen's, Sunday.

Henry Flint visited with relatives in Rumford, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary Neal of Rumford was calling in Bethel, Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. E. H. Young was a business visitor in Lewiston and Portland, Monday.

Mrs. Frank Stevens and children are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Thurston.

Mr. Philip Smith from Bearboro visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Smith, Sunday.

Miss Alice Kimball spent the week end with her sister, Mrs. John Howe, at East Bethel.

Mrs. Irving Stearns of Framingham, Mass., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. H. P. Thurston.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bosselman and daughter, Mildred, are spending a few days in Portland.

Mrs. Arline Hutchinson and Mr. O. Day of Portland were guests at Mr. Collins Morgan's, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmon Jordan and Mr. and Mrs. Deillison Conroy visited relatives at Mechanic Falls, Sunday.

Mr. Batchelder of Boston, formerly a clerk at Prospect Hotel, was a guest at Mr. H. H. King's, Monday.

Mrs. Clara Brown of Locke's Mills was a guest of her son, Mr. Thomas Brown, and family a few days last week.

Mr. William Eldridge of Rockport, Mass., arrived Friday to spend a few weeks as the guest of Mrs. Angelia Clark.

Marjorie Chandler of Auburn has been spending her vacation with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Chandler.

Word has been received from Mr. F. A. Tibbets that he is pleasantly engaged with Co. 11th Regt. at Plattsburgh, N. Y.

Mrs. Frank H. Green and daughter, Marjorie, of Boston came Monday for a visit with Mrs. Green's sister, Mrs. H. H. King.

Tuesday morning, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Richardson went to Portland to attend the reunion of Mr. Richardson's regiment.

George Colton and friend returned to Lewiston, Saturday, having spent the week with his grandmother, Mrs. Sidney Jodrey.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Woolbury of Pittsfield, Pa., arrived at Mr. J. U. Purinton's, Tuesday evening, for a few days visit.

Mrs. Nahum Barker and granddaughter, Genie Saunders, who have been visiting relatives in Westbrook, returned home, Monday.

Dr. E. L. Brown and family and Miss Eliza Allen, who have been spending a few weeks at Old Orchard, returned home, Tuesday.

Mrs. Johnson and son, Philip, who have been visiting her son, Mr. A. B. Paxton and family, have returned to their home in Massachusetts.

Mrs. P. D. Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bartlett, and Mr. and Mrs. Leon Bartlett and two children were visitors at John Swan's, Sunday.

Mr. Edmund Clark came from Boston last week to be with his mother, Mrs. Angelia Clark, on the anniversary of her birthday, returning Sunday.

Mrs. Irving French and daughter, Miss Alice French, spent Sunday at the home of Rev. Mr. Little and family at their summer cottage at Freeport.

Mrs. Fitzsimmons Vail and son, Morris, who have been spending several weeks in town, visiting relatives, returned to their home in Portland, Saturday.

GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

A summary of the August crop report for the state of Maine, and for the United States, as compiled by the Bureau of Crop Estimates (and transmitted through the Weather Bureau), U. S. Department of Agriculture, is as follows:

Corn—August 1 forecast, 450,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 650,000 bushels.

All Wheat—August 1 forecast, 105,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 112,000 bushels.

Oats—August 1 forecast, 5,700,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 6,000,000 bushels.

Barley—August 1 forecast, 135,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 132,000 bushels.

Potatoes—August 1 forecast, 23,000,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 22,010,000 bushels.

Hay—August 1 forecast, 1,830,000 tons; production last year, final estimate, 1,307,000 tons.

Pasture—August 1 condition 108, compared with the ten-year average of 96.

Apples—August 1 forecast, 1,520,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 720,000 bushels.

Prices—The first price given below is the average on August 1 this year, and the second the average on August 1 last year. Wheat, — and — cents per bushel. Corn, 95 and 93. Oats, — and 65. Potatoes, 120 and 20. Hay, \$17.70 and \$14.60 per ton. Eggs, 29 and 24 cents per dozen.

UNITED STATES.

Corn—August 1 forecast, 2,780,000,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 3,054,535,000 bushels.

All Wheat—August 1 forecast, 654,000,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 1,011,505,000 bushels.

Oats—August 1 forecast, 1,270,000,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 1,640,302,000 bushels.

Barley—August 1 forecast, 195,000,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 237,000,000 bushels.

Rye—August 1 forecast, 41,000,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 49,100,000 bushels.

Tobacco—August 1 forecast, 1,200,000,000 pounds; production last year, final estimate, 1,000,587,000 pounds.

Potatoes—August 1 forecast, 364,000,000 bushels; production last year, final estimate, 369,103,000 bushels.

Hay—August 1 forecast, 84,800,000 tons; production last year, final estimate, 85,225,000 tons.

Pasture—August 1 condition 80.9, compared with the ten-year average of 81.6.

Apples—August 1 forecast, 71,000,000 barrels; production last year, final estimate, 78,670,000 barrels.

Prices—The first price given below is the average on August 1 this year, and the second, the average on August 1 last year. Wheat, 107.4 and 100.5 cents per bushel. Corn, 70.4 and 78.0 cents. Oats, 40.1 and 45.4 cents. Potatoes, 55.4 and 55.3 cents. Hay, \$10.70 and \$11.02 per ton. Cotton, 12.6 and 8.1 cents per pound. Eggs, 20.7 and 17.0 cents per dozen.

Mrs. Robert Bliebow returned to her home in New Bedford, Mass., Monday, after spending a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Andrews.

Tuesday morning Miss Martha Horsey of Hartford, Conn., left Bethel, having spent several weeks with Mrs. P. B. Chandler. She will remain in Yarmouth and Auburn several weeks before her return to Hartford.

In the voting contest just closed Young's Shoe Store announces that Bylela Merrill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Merrill will be the winner of the gold piece receiving 3,839 votes. The next competitor was Luella Smith with 2,691 votes.

The Ladies' Club will hold the annual mid-summer fair at Garland Chapel, Thursday, Aug. 17, at 2 o'clock. The ladies will be pleased to see all who wish to come in and see the tables of fancy and useful articles, aprons for kitchen work and fancy ones too, besides other attractive tables. Home-made candy, ice cream and cake will be on sale. Supper will be served at 6:15. Tickets 25¢. In the church an entertainment will be given at eight o'clock by Mrs. Mary Bartlett, author-entertainer of Massachusetts. Several musical selections will be rendered. Tickets 20¢.

LOST.

Automobile starting crank. Reward paid for return to CITIZEN OFFICE.

Bethel, Maine.

S-17

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Seems the Signature of *George H. Miller*

1916 APPLE OUTLOOK.

Interesting Summary of the Department of Foods and Markets Investigations.

A careful survey of the large orchards in the United States, says the Department of Foods and Markets, 204 Euclid, pack and ship their surplus products, indicates that we are not to have as large an apple crop in 1916 as we did in 1915. Oregon and Washington report conditions less satisfactory from the orchardist's standpoint.

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